

WEATHER FORECAST.
Cloudy and unsettled to-day; to-morrow fair; no change in temperature.
Highest temperature yesterday, 51; lowest, 44.
Detailed weather reports will be found on Editorial page.

VOL. LXXXV.—NO. 70.—DAILY. ****

4 BILLION TAXES 3 YEARS LONGER, OFFICIALS THINK

**Treasury Experts Advise
Against Any Reduction
of Present Levy.**

OBLIGATIONS TOO BIG

**Government War Issues
Outstanding Will Total
Eight Billion Dollars.**

TARIFF MAY SHOW WAY

**Houston Plan Is to Abolish
Excess Profit Scheme and
Revise Income Tax.**

By the Associated Press.
WASHINGTON, Nov. 7.—The nation will face a continuation of the annual tax bill of four billion dollars for three more years if Congress adopts recommendations drafted by Treasury officials and which, it was understood to-night, have been laid before Secretary Houston for approval.

Mr. Houston, it was stated, probably will include such recommendations in the form of an analysis of the Government's financial condition in his forthcoming annual report to Congress.

The analysis will show, and accompanying recommendations will suggest, it was said, that a three year programme for tax revision is required in order to meet maturing Government obligations and cover current Federal expenses.

Big Obligations Outstanding.

Approximately eight billion dollars in Victory notes, war savings securities and Treasury certificates of indebtedness will be due for payment within the next three years, Treasury figures show. Retention of the present aggregate level of taxes, or maintenance of the annual revenue of the Government at about four billion dollars then is held to be unavoidable on the face of average expenditures estimated for the period.

Recommendations to be made by Mr. Houston, it is understood, will propose abolition of the excess profit taxes in their entirety and the substitution thereof of a graduated income tax of a substantially deeper cut than under present revenue laws. It was believed the new income tax would apply to income above \$5,000 annually, and that provision would be made for a graduated increase, even on the additional tax, as the amount of income grows larger.

The Secretary is expected to advise Congress that the strictest economy in Federal appropriations is necessary if the programme outlined on the basis of a four billion dollar tax bill is to be accomplished. He has said that there was no way to estimate with any degree of accuracy what even the present laws would yield in revenue, because of the rapidly changing conditions in business as a result of after the war transition and readjustment.

It was said to be that tax receipts would be materially lower later in the present fiscal year, which ends June 30, 1921, and that therefore the Government income under the present revenue laws could not be taken as a basis for calculating future receipts.

This attitude, which is held also by practically all Treasury officials having to do with tax collections, forecasts a task of great difficulty for the framers of the new revenue act. The Treasury will insist strongly on legislation which would produce four billions for the next year, but the ways and means of getting it will be left to Congress, except for the suggestions contained in the Treasury's report. In fact, the tax law framers will be informed that there is no alternative to voting a revenue act that will produce the required amount.

The programme for handling the national debt—and its payment is obligatory—can be accomplished only through annual revenues of four billion dollars, Treasury officials hold. With the Victory notes maturing in 1923 and the war savings securities falling due in the interim and until 1924, it was declared a possibility that the four billion dollar tax levy might have to be continued even until the latter date.

Tariff May Farnish Means.

Treasury views are expected to clash with those of the Republican majority in Congress on questions of ways and means of obtaining the needed revenues. But with the changing administration, it was understood, the present regime at the Treasury would merely suggest and offer little argument in support of their stand for repeal of the excess profits taxes and replacement of the amounts so gained by higher income taxes.

It was expected that tariff questions would be brought into the discussion and that those in charge of tax legislation might seek to offset some of the deficit by higher duties on imports, according to the Treasury's argument for wiping the profits tax provisions off the statute books.

The Treasury is committed to a continuation of the sale of savings securities. Although amounts thus obtained are small, they are materially in relieving current burdens on demand of the Treasury, by spreading out the maturing dates, according to officials. This feature of the financial status of the Government also will have to be considered in the next tax laws, since officials believe it offers one road for the Government to obtain additional years. It was said to be only a means of deferring payment, but after the Victory notes have been retired securities on which the payments have thus been deferred can be better handled.

Meanwhile the Treasury will carry on its announced programme of short term financing, issuing certificates of indebtedness to meet current requirements in anticipation of quarterly payments of income and profits taxes.

Daniels Blind and Deaf to Post Election Laughs

Special Despatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD.
New York Herald Bureau.
WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 7.—The post election laughs are now beginning. Secretary Daniels and Representative Blanton (Tex.) are in a hot controversy over whether Mr. Daniels should send the fleet around the world next June. With the "solemn grandstand" over and "creaky" adorning almost every truly Democratic door Mr. Daniels reaffirmed to-day that regardless of Mr. Blanton he will send the fleet cruising. It is well known to almost everybody else, however, that Mr. Daniels will have retired to the quarter deck of his newspaper in Raleigh, N. C., three months earlier than his prospective order to the fleet.

40 WHISTLER WORKS FOUND

Original Watercolors Are Discovered at the Maryland Institute.

BEQUEST BY G. A. LUCAS

Portfolios Contain 14,000 Pieces—Productions by Famous Artists.

Special Despatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD.
BALTIMORE, Nov. 7.—Announcement has been made that forty original water colors by James McNeill Whistler, two drawings by Rosa Bonheur, a Barye sketch book and forty or so figure and landscape subjects by Bodmer have been "discovered" at the Maryland Institute.

These works of art were found in the portfolios of prints, etchings, lithographs, drawings and the like bequeathed the institute by George A. Lucas, the connoisseur, who was a native of Baltimore, but who spent the greater part of his life in Paris, where he was a prominent figure in the art world.

These portfolios comprise about 14,000 pieces, most of them by world famous artists, and as they are famous wherever there are print collections it is apparent that their real value has never been realized in Baltimore.

The reason why the existence here of the Whistler water colors and the other works mentioned has not hitherto been publicly known is that no library catalogue of the portfolios has been made.

Fitzroy Carrington, curator of the Boston Museum, came to Baltimore to examine them and was enthusiastic in his praise. He declared that the collection was probably only second in importance to that of S. T. Avery in the New York Public Library and pointed out that it was made more interesting than ever because of the autographed letters it included.

As a mark of appreciation of his interest in the Lucas prints and his study of them, Mr. Carrington has been made their honorary curator. It would appear that only he and a very few Baltimore people were informed as to the rare treasure the portfolios contained.

AUTOMATIC CONTROL PLANNED FOR TRAINS

Interstate Commerce Commission Studies Devices.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 7.—Work on regulations to govern the installation of automatic control devices on the railroad as required by law has been begun by the Interstate Commerce Commission in cooperation with the American Railway Association. The devices will be tried out exhaustively on one railroad.

Commission officials say the automatic devices will eliminate the element of human error in transportation, as they will cause a train to stop whether or not the engineer sees the signal.

NAVY MEDAL AWARDS SET FOR NOVEMBER 11

Nineteen Names Said to Be on List.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 7.—Distribution of medals awarded to officers and enlisted men of the navy and Marine Corps for distinguished wartime service will take place Armistice Day, November 11, Secretary Daniels announced to-night. The names of those who will receive the awards will not be made public until the medals actually are presented.

War service decorations for the men of the navy were held up because of a controversy on the justice of some awards. The list was sent back to the Naval Board for review. The original list included thirteen persons to receive the medal of honor while the revised list is said to contain nineteen names.

NEW ANTI-ALIEN LAW UPHELD BY STEPHENS

California's Governor Says It Will Not Lead to War.

EL CENTRO, Cal., Nov. 7.—"The new anti-alien law will stand," Gov. William D. Stephens, declared here to-day in an address made in connection with the campaign for recruits for the new super-dreadnaught California. The Governor, speaking of recent election results, said: "I am glad to see that the voters of California have passed the anti-Japanese law and I am here to say that it will never lead to war. There may be diplomatic interchange between Washington and Japan, but the new law is similar to the California law and Japan has done nothing."

JUSSERAND MAY RECAST LEAGUE ON HIS RETURN

Will Be Here on Nov. 24 and Discuss Proposed Covenant Changes.

ALLIES WOULD GO FAR

Willing to Accept American Views Not Conflicting With Principles.

PREFER AMENDING TEXT

New Commercial Treaty and Anglo-American Guarantee Other Topics.

By the Associated Press.
WASHINGTON, Nov. 7.—Julius Jusserand, the French Ambassador, who went home several months ago on leave and who later was assigned to special duty in connection with the settlement of the Polish question, is to return to Washington on November 24.

He is expected to bring with him the latest views of his Government regarding the recasting of the League of Nations covenant and to be prepared to discuss the subject with the officials of the Harding Administration as soon as they are in office and ready to proceed.

It has been known in diplomatic circles that the principal allied Powers were prepared to go far toward meeting any desire of the American Government for changes in the plan of the covenant, but it has been stated in at least one important quarter that such changes must in no case violate the underlying principles of the convention.

Diplomats generally do not believe that changes could be made in the so-called Lodge plan. In their opinion amendments would be necessary. They would require the approval of the various signatory Powers.

Another matter that will engage the attention of Ambassador Jusserand is the status of the commercial relations between the United States and France under existing treaties. France last spring gave notice to all Powers with which she had commercial treaties of the termination of these conventions, her purpose being to replace them with a complete set of new treaties shaped to meet the new conditions in trade and commerce resulting from the war.

Before the renunciation took effect, however, the French Government withdrew the notice so far as it concerned the United States.

France, however, has not abandoned her plan of revising her commercial treaties and is understood to be deferring the opening of negotiations with the United States until after the change of administrations in Washington on next March 4. Mr. Jusserand is expected to acquaint himself with the plans of the Republican leaders in the matter of tariff revision, which might greatly influence the character of any new commercial convention.

The Ambassador also is expected to make a close survey of the situation in Washington and report to his Government upon the prospects of success in case it should decide to renew its efforts to secure approval by the Senate of the treaty which would guarantee protection for France against external aggression for a period of five years. Failure of the original effort in that direction resulted in the abandonment of a similar Franco-British treaty.

CHILE AND SWEDEN TO HAVE OWN LEAGUE

No Disputes to Be Submitted to Council Till Approved.

SANTIAGO, Chile, Nov. 7.—The Council of State has approved the convention signed recently at Stockholm providing for the friendly arbitration of any future differences that might arise between Chile and Sweden.

The convention provides that no dispute between the contracting parties be submitted to the Council of the League of Nations without having been previously examined by a permanent commission of conciliation, the members of which are to be appointed by Chile and Sweden.

LEADER OF MADERO'S SLAYERS IS ARRESTED

Gen. Pimiento Caught; Net Out for Others.

MEXICO CITY, Nov. 7.—Gen. Rafael Pimiento, who was in command of the Rural Guards in 1913 when President Madero and Vice-President Jose Maria Pino Suarez were killed, has been arrested. Arrests of other persons holding military positions at the time of the assassination are to follow.

One of the first acts of the present Government was to order a complete investigation into the death of Madero and Suarez.

BOY RECOVERS FROM SHOT THROUGH BRAIN

Eight Year Paralysis Is Leaving Kansas Youth.

Special Despatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD.
EMPORIA, Kan., Nov. 7.—Harold Talbott, a junior in the State Normal School, not only has lived for eight years after being shot through the brain, but is now recovering from the effects of the wound. He was shot accidentally by a playmate. A rifle bullet pierced his left temple, passed through the brain and lodged in the skull on the other side.

Undesirables From West Coming for Deportation

Special Despatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD.
CHICAGO, Nov. 7.—Two carloads of undesirable aliens will leave Chicago soon for the Atlantic coast, where they are to be put aboard ships for European countries. Thirty of the undesirable will be from the Chicago district. One of the carloads will carry aliens gathered in Western cities.

GUARD SLAYING PARSON IN JAIL

Canadian Who Used Gun in Dry Raid Is Spirited to Another Prison.

KILLED AN INNKEEPER

Claims Self-Defence, but Widow Says Her Husband Was Not Armed.

Special Despatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD.
MOUNT HOLLY, N. J., Nov. 7.—The murder of David P. Paul, messenger of the Broadway Trust Company, Camden, was cleared to-day, the police say, by confessions made by Frank J. James and Raymond W. Schuck in the Burlington county jail. Paul disappeared October 5 with \$45,000 in cash and negotiable securities. His body was found buried in the woods near Tabernacle eleven days later.

James, according to the authorities, confessed that he hit the messenger, who was 50 years old, across the head with an automobile tire iron as he sat beside Schuck on the front seat of an automobile that was being driven toward the Philadelphia ferry in Camden. The greater part of the cash and securities, which were buried by the murderers in Evergreen Cemetery, Camden, are said by the authorities to have been recovered.

The testimony of James and Schuck, while they differ in many details, agree on one thing, and that is that the messenger's body was thrown into a pool near Tabernacle, less than an hour after he had left the Camden bank bound for the Grand Trust Company in Philadelphia. The body remained in the pool until October 14, when James and Schuck, after having been in a drunken stupor for several days, buried the body in a trench beside the pool, where it was found by hunters two days later.

James, whom the police are accusing specifically with the murder, has been under detention since the day following the "findings" of the messenger's body. Footprints, automobile tracks and a piece of an automobile seat found near the messenger's grave led to the detention of James, who is a chauffeur and had known Paul for many years. Schuck was brought into the case last Friday when he was called before the Grand Jury to testify in connection with the murder. What he had to say that day led to his arrest.

According to Prosecutor Charles A. Wolverson of Camden county and County Detective Parker, neither of the men knew the other was making a statement. Schuck, according to the authorities, has lived in mortal fear of James ever since the murder. It was not until after he had been given every assurance of protection that he agreed to tell the story which has puzzled the New Jersey authorities for more than a month.

LIQUOR TRUCK HOLDUP FAILS; TWO ARRESTED

One Man Shot in Attack Near West Grove, Pa.

WILMINGTON, Del., Nov. 7.—Believed to have been shot by his comrades while attempting to hold up a whiskey truck, Harry Stinger, with a companion, James Roach, both of Philadelphia, were arrested by the Westchester, Pa. police early this morning. Six men in an automobile attempted to stop the truck near West Grove, Pa., but after a running fight in which the bandits used their guns freely they were driven off as the truck approached the town.

RADICALS OF BERLIN URGE GENERAL STRIKE

Two Parties Celebrate Day of Russian Revolution.

BERLIN, Nov. 7.—The Left Wing Independent Socialists joined with the German Communists to-day in commemorating the anniversary of the Russian Revolution. Orators lauded a world revolution and the demonstrators cheered for the Third International.

The radical labor Soviets to-day placarded Berlin with posters calling for a general strike in support of the men locked out at the Borsig locomotive works and the striking electrical power house workers.

TELL OF BEATING BANK RUNNER TO DEATH IN MOTOR

Camden Mystery Cleared by Confession of Chauffeur and 'Pal.'

GOT \$65,000 IN BOOTY

Threw Body in Pool and Reburied It Nine Days Later.

PRISONER ACCUSES MATE

Says Man With Him Did Killing and Threatened Him With Death.

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Confessions Differ.

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Statement of Slaying.

Prosecutor Wolverson would not reveal the contents of James's confession other than to say he had "confessed" the slaying. He said that James had told him that Paul was killed on the highway near Tabernacle, and that he had thrown the body into a pool near Tabernacle, and that he had reburied it in a trench near Tabernacle.

James called for me at the Bell Telephone Company, Camden, on the morning of October 5, and asked me to take a ride in the country in his automobile. I consented and took the wheel, while James sat in the back. Near Broomfield and Federal street we encountered Paul and asked him to take a ride with us. Paul declined, saying he was on his way to deliver the money to the Grand Trust Company in Philadelphia.

"Jump in," we'll take you to the ferry," James said. Paul accepted, and we drove to the ferry. Two blocks from the ferry I noticed the bank messenger-rumple up in the seat and then saw James pull him into the back of the machine by the coat collar. Looking back I saw James pounding the old man on the head with a hammer as he lay on the floor of the car.

"Stop that!" I yelled. "Why are you doing that?"

"He double crossed me once, the son of a bitch," James said. "Where shall we take him?"

Threatened With Gun.

"While there is plenty of work to do with the men who must be kept fighting, I answered, and looked about me, despite the fact it is not so easy to get a drink as it used to be," explained Mr. Baker. "We are branching out among children and home ones to be able to extend our efforts to include women."

Mr. Hallimond explained that the workers in the mission now find almost as many men to deal with as ever, but that a far greater percentage of them are sober. For the first time they find men clear eyed and clear brained. Such, indeed, is the change that has taken place that Mr. Hallimond has started classes in elementary sociology and philosophy. He is increasing his educational work among the old timers who have used to be so steeped in liquor that they could retain nothing but the address of the mission. Now that these same minds are clear, Mr. Hallimond is taking advantage of his opportunity to educate them.

"Liberation," he said last night, "gives us sufficient time to do it at the bottom and work with the rising generation."

BUILDING INQUIRY REVEALS MORE THAN \$500,000 GRAFT; GRAND JURY TO GET CAGES

Brindell's and His Trade Council's Income Figures Up \$482,021 for Only Half a Year

FOLLOWING is an estimate of the income between April and October of Robert P. Brindell, "labor king," or his personally conducted Building Trades Council, according to testimony that far surpassed by contractors, labor leaders and employers before the Lockwood Housing Committee. The figures are based on data prepared by the committee's experts:

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| Dues of members of the Dock Workers Union at 50 cents a month each, plus extras..... | \$35,000 |
| Dues paid by 115,000 members of Trades Council..... | 115,000 |
| Initiation fees of new members taken into Council at \$50 each..... | 90,000 |
| Privilege cards issued to members for the right to work at \$10 a week each..... | 156,000 |
| Three months' dues, paid in advance by additional members..... | 10,400 |
| Dues to Council of 136 walking delegates..... | 14,000 |
| Direct graft levied on contractors to pay for influence used in getting contracts or to prevent strikes..... | 61,621 |
| Total..... | \$482,021 |

Lockwood Accountants Are Busy Figuring Leads Pointing to Millions.

HYLAN ON STAND SOON

To Be Asked Why Public Contracts Under Suspicion Are Not Held Up.

DEFENCE BY HIRSHFIELD

New Scheme of Split Partnerships Gives Silent Intruder \$125,000 Boodle.

Mayor Hyland's clash with Samuel Untermyer, chief counsel of the Lockwood housing committee, must be certain yesterday that he will be summoned to the witness stand at an early date to tell why he has not taken action to rescind public building contracts believed to have been obtained by collusion and at extortionate prices to the city.

This is the outcome of a controversy in which the Mayor has become involved with Mr. Untermyer. The date has not been set for calling the Mayor. In his answer to the committee's challenge asking him why something was not being done, the aid of city departments to Mr. Untermyer was making deliberate misrepresentation. That stirred the committee to direct further attention to what the Mayor had done and to what he did not do to calm Mr. Untermyer.

The chief counsel, after whose guidance the committee has broken the building contract situation and started well along on the way toward settling up combinations and rescinding the graft contracts, said yesterday that he did not care to comment further on the Mayor's attitude. He said he was content to point to the record of the case and let developments in the case disclose the facts.

The record to which Mr. Untermyer referred shows that the committee first heard from the Mayor on September 27, Mr. Hyland offered the aid of city departments to Mr. Untermyer to help along the investigation then just getting on its feet. The next heard from the Mayor was on October 26, when he wrote to Senator Lockwood, again offering assistance.

Hettick's Letter Under Scrutiny.

The so-called "Hettick letter" which John T. Hettick, originator of the clearing house system for handling contracts, wrote to the Mayor was transferred from City Hall to the Commission on Accounts on September 14. In that letter Hettick offered the Mayor the support of labor unions if he would sign the Hettick contract for the court house which was being urged strongly by Alderman Kennedy representative of Charles F. Murphy's district in the board. The letter was not dated, and there is nothing to show when the Mayor received it.

The committee began its hearings on October 31 and for two days sessions were popping at the rate of one a minute in the Aldermanic chamber. On October 32 the Mayor moved to rescind the court house contract. The Mayor later made public the Hettick letter, about which there had been much comment in the press. The same day Robert P. Brindell, head of the Building Trades Council, was dropped as a member of the Mayor's housing committee.

Nothing has gone from the City Hall to the Lockwood committee, though light has been trying to get information and has had no assistance from the city officials who have the records. Only performers of others of aid have issued from the Mayor's office, members of the committee said.

As far as is known, the Mayor has not made a move to hold up the contracts which it is supposed were put over on the city administration by profiteering contractors. If that has been such a move made in City Hall the Lockwood committee has not been informed of it.

According to the committee, the Mayor was starting until told to do so, and it is because the contractors are convinced they cannot get any voluntary aid from that source that they proposed to do a little more forcing.

Pointed Questions for Mayor.

AVIATOR FOUND DEAD IN WRECKED PLANE

Mail Pilot Victim of Accident in Wyoming.

CONFESSES MURDER OF GIRL WHO REJECTED HIM

St. Louis Youth Admits Killing Stenographer.

St. Louis Nov. 7.—Elias Ellis, the

**"Telephone Directory
of Home and Business Needs"**

A New Department for Your Convenience

THE NEW YORK HERALD

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